

CHINA MAIL

SHARIR'S MANDATE NOT VERY HELPFUL

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HURLEY STIRS WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28. HURLEY'S RESIGNATION AND GENERAL MARSHALL'S APPOINTMENT COMING IN RAPID FIRE ORDER STUNNED THE CAPITAL. THE WHITE HOUSE SAID THE RESIGNATION CAME AS A SURPRISE AND ADDED THAT MARSHALL'S ASSIGNMENT "IS TO DO A PARTICULAR JOB THAT NEEDS TO BE DONE IN CHINA."

MARSHALL IS EXPECTED TO LEAVE FOR CHUNGKING SOON.

Michael McDermott, special Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs, sought to resign yesterday but that Hurley had urged him to change his mind and go back to China and he had agreed to do so.

Secretary of State Byrnes called on President Truman late this afternoon and the State War and Navy Coordinating Committee which largely determines United States policy in the Far East also met.

On request the State Department has made available the list of United States foreign service officers who have returned from Chungking to Washington during the tenure of Hurley as Ambassador to China. Included were George Acheson, Jr., present political adviser to General MacArthur in Tokyo, and Everett Drumright now Chief of the department's division of Chinese Affairs.

EXCELLENT CHOICE
Senator Walter George, Democrat of Georgia, said: "Marshall's appointment will easily be approved by the Senate. The General would make an excellent Ambassador to any nation particularly to China in these troubled times."

"His military genius, fine common sense, great pulse, and

Significance Choice

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28. BY SELECTING FIVE-STAR GENERAL MARSHALL TO SUCCEED TWO-STAR MAJOR-GENERAL HURLEY RATHER THAN CHOOSING A CIVILIAN DIPLOMAT, PRESIDENT TRUMAN APPEARED TO BE EMPHASIZING AGAIN THE VIEWPOINT THAT THE PRESENT TOP JOB IN CHINA REMAINS THE DISARMING OF JAPANESE TROOPS.

BOTH THE WAR AND STATE DEPARTMENTS HAVE SAID REPEATEDLY IN RECENT WEEKS THAT A UNITED STATES TROOP IN CHINA ARE ONLY TO FACILITATE THE SURRENDER OF JAPANESE TROOPS AND NOT TO ACT AS INSTRUMENTS OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY.

American policy toward China had been under critical review before Hurley's resignation because of the danger that American troops might become involved in China's civil strife. In connection with that review, it appeared likely that before General Marshall's departure from Washington, President Truman would have fresh information on the Chinese situation from two sources.

The Under-Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Artemus Gates, is due in Washington momentarily from the Far East. He told reporters at Pearl Harbor that he would "ask for specific recommendations which may affect United States policy in China."

Edwin A. Locke, personal representative of the President, is also en route from Chungking after touring China for two months on an economic mission.

HURLEY ACCUSED

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28. CONGRESSMAN HUGH DELACY, WASHINGTON STATE DEMOCRAT WHO HAS INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION FOR THE RECALL OF AMERICAN TROOPS FROM CHINA, CHARGED THAT "AMBASSADOR HURLEY'S ACTIONS IN CHINA MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE CREATED CONDITIONS FOR CIVIL WAR."

"He was contributing to the announcement of Hurley's resignation. He reversed policies of the late President Roosevelt, former Ambassador Gauss and Gen. Joseph Stilwell," the left wing congressman declared.

"He more than any one is responsible for use of our troops, supplies and transports to support the reactionary Chungking regime in suppressing of self-government in China."

"His resignation is both an opportunity and a challenge to the State Department. With greater ease, Secretary Byrnes can now return to the policy of peace and democracy in the Far East charted by President Roosevelt."—Associated Press.

Savage Crime

Saigon, Nov. 28. The mutilated bodies of two French boys, aged 10 and 11, who were said to have been cut from their homes in Saigon, have been found.

The murdered boys had been completely stripped of their clothing and the bodies had been slashed by knives. — Reuter.

Marshall Good At Puzzles?

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28. PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S QUICK ACTION IN APPOINTING GENERAL MARSHALL TO SUCCEED MAJOR-GENERAL PATRICK HURLEY AS AMBASSADOR TO CHINA WAS RECEIVED IN WASHINGTON OFFICIAL CIRCLES AS INDICATION OF THE GREAT IMPORTANCE PLACES ON ACHIEVING A SOLUTION OF THE TANGLES OF EAST ASIA AFFAIRS.

Senator Arthur Capper, Republican of Kansas and member of the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee expressed the opinion that Marshall would "solve the situation in China immediately."

Capper predicted the appointment would receive unanimous Senate approval. He termed Marshall as "one of the nation's best and ablest leaders."

"President Truman could not have made a better choice," he said. "I am sure his mission to China will be successful."

The Chinese Ambassador to the United States, Mr. Wei Tuo-ming, declined to comment saying he had not yet received official information of President Truman's action. — Associated Press.

Nine U.S. Fliers Killed In China

SHANGHAI, NOV. 28. AMERICAN MUSTANG PLANES WHICH ARE BEING FLOWN FROM FORMER U.S. BASES IN CHINA, HAVE BEEN ORDERED DELIVERED TO THREE AERODROMES IN SHANGHAI AND NANKING.

NO INSTRUCTIONS HAVE YET BEEN RECEIVED AS TO THEIR ULTIMATE DISPOSITION, BUT TWO OFFICERS HERE SAID WITH A WINK THAT THE AIRCRAFT WILL UNDOUBTEDLY BE GIVEN TO THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS.

The Chinese press said a few weeks ago that America had decided to hand over 1,500 aircraft to the Central Government but the U.S. War Department countered that no such number had been decided upon.

U.S. Lend-lease officials have indicated strongly that all flyable planes in China would be flown to the United States at the termination of the lend-lease.

Loss of American lives at

Quit Appeasement Demands Wheeler

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28. SENATOR WHEELER, MONTANA DEMOCRAT AND LEADING PRE-PEARL HARBOR ISOLATIONIST, CHARGED TO-DAY THAT THE UNITED STATES IS BACKING RUSSIA AND ENGLAND IN A MAD RUSH INTO ANOTHER WORLD WAR.

CRITICIZING THE INTERNATIONAL POLICIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION, THE WESTERN SENATOR DECLARED: "THE ONLY AGGRESSIONS TO-DAY ARE BY OUR BELOVED, NOBLE, PEACE-LOVING ALLIES."

He told the Senate "We must quit appeasing Russia and let her know once and for all that we did not fight this war to let her enslave the people of Europe."

Wheeler suggested that the United States "have the courage to call a real peace conference and let us do it with or without Russia's participation."

Wheeler told the Senate that if the United Nations Organization was already established to stop aggression, "You would be compelled to go to war with Russia." — Associated Press.

More Shouting Than Shooting

Washington, Nov. 28. Wei Tuo-ming, Chinese ambassador, said after a visit to President Truman yesterday that current civil strife in China appears to involve "more shouting than shooting."

He said he thought and hoped there would be no great difficulty in our taking over administration of Manchuria.

He said the National Government is still attempting to solve the Communist problem by peaceful means with the utmost impartial consideration. — Associated Press.

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The Arab League's reply to Mr. Ernest Bevin's statement on the British Government's proposals for the future of Palestine will be issued to-day. — Reuter.

SINO-RUSSIAN BARGAIN HINT

CHUNGKING, NOV. 28. PRESS AND OTHER UNOFFICIAL CHINESE CIRCLES SPOKE TO-DAY OF IMPROVEMENT IN SINO-RUSSIAN RELATIONS, BUT DID NOT MENTION THE PRICE CHUNGKING HAD TO PAY FOR THIS.

PREVIOUS REPORTS OF RUSSIAN DEMANDS, IF TRUE, SUGGEST IT WILL BE HIGH. SOME QUARTERS ENTERTAIN THE VIEW IT WILL MEAN VIRTUAL ESTABLISHMENT OF SINO-RUSSIAN CO-DOMINION IN MANCHURIA.

The influential "Ta Kung Pao" published a dispatch alleging that Chinese Communists have left Changchun, the Manchurian capital. It was their arrival there which originally forced the Nationalist officials in Changchun to pack up and return to China proper.

These officials, it is now insistently reported, will return to Changchun.

The Communists to-day attributed to the "North-eastern Cultural Association" a demand that all political prisoners, particularly the young Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang, who was Manchurian overlord when the Japanese seized the territory in 1931, should be released.

Against all indications to the contrary, the Communists again charged that American cadets were attached to headquarters of the Government forces in Manchuria. This accusation is regarded in Government quarters as part of the propaganda war, the broad aim of which is to stir public opinion in America to demand the withdrawal of American forces in China.

NEGOTIATIONS HANG FIRE
Negotiations between the Nationalists and Communists are hanging fire, pending dispatch to Chungking of Communist delegates to the forthcoming peace

Japan Must Knuckle Down To Her Lot

TOKYO, NOV. 29. PREMIER BARON SHIDEHARA TOLD THE JAPANESE DIET TO-DAY THAT THE ROAD AHEAD FOR JAPAN IS A DIFFICULT ONE AND THE GOVERNMENT IS CONFRONTED WITH A SITUATION UNPARALLELED IN HISTORY.

He said the most urgent problem facing the lawmakers was the "stabilization of the people's life."

He declared: "In our foreign relations we are incapacitated; we do not possess the power to uphold and carry out our policies which we ourselves may believe to be just and equitable. Such is the inevitable lot of a vanquished nation."

He deplored, however, the widespread feeling of despair. — Associated Press.

Yellow River Dam Scheme

Washington, Nov. 28. American engineers are going to aid China in preparing plans to control the Yangtze river in a giant development project designed to free millions of valley dwellers from the recurrent scourge of floods and famines.

Interior Secretary Harold Ickes to-day announced the signing of a contract between the American Bureau of Reclamation and China's National Resources Commission, under which the bureau engineers will prepare designs for what may be the largest concrete dam ever built, overshadowing the massive flood control and hydroelectric project dams which have been built in the United States in the past dozen years. — Associated Press.

New India Statement

LONDON, NOV. 28. THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA, LORD PETHICK-LAWRENCE, AND THE PARLIAMENTARY UNDER-SECRETARY, MR. ARTHUR HENDERSON, ARE EXPECTED TO MAKE A SIMULTANEOUS STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT POLICY ON INDIA IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS AND THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, RESPECTIVELY, TOWARDS THE END OF THE PRESENT WEEK.

Considerable public interest has been created recently on the subject of India, as the result of reports of speeches of Indian political leaders at the start of the election campaign.

Three months have elapsed since the Viceroy and the Prime Minister made their announcements upon India after the British general election.

It would be natural to expect further indication of the British Government's mind now in the light of the developments which have occurred since then. — Reuter.

BATAVIA, NOV. 28.

THE CONVENTION OF THE INDONESIAN NATIONALIST LEADERS AT BATAVIA TO-DAY PASSED A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN DR. SHARIR'S RECENTLY-FORMED CABINET OF REPUTED MODERATES, ACCORDING TO AN UNOFFICIAL REPORT TO-DAY. THE VOTE WAS TAKEN AFTER A STORMY DEBATE IN SECRET.

THE CONVENTION IS ALSO SAID TO HAVE VOTED THANKS TO THE AUSTRALIAN PEOPLE "FOR THE SYMPATHY THAT THEY HAVE SHOWN" WITH THE INDONESIAN CAUSE. FURTHER UNOFFICIAL REPORTS SAY THAT THE CONVENTION DISCUSSED THE PROPOSAL THAT A COMMITTEE OF ARMY CHIEFS OF AMERICA, AUSTRALIA, CHINA AND RUSSIA BE FORMED TO SUPERVISE THE OCCUPATION, AND THAT A UNITED NATIONS COMMITTEE BE FORMED TO SUPERVISE THE EVACUATION OF THE DUTCH AND THE JAPANESE.

It is understood that the Cabinet was instructed to negotiate on these lines.

The official communiqué issued to-night is mainly a report of the speech by the Vice-President, Dr. Hatta. He said that the Republic of Indonesia had made it clear that they would not engage in conversations with the Dutch under the shadow of terrorism by Dutch soldiers, especially in Batavia. However, they were always ready to negotiate with the British.

UNDER PRESSURE
Dr. Hatta said that he had been under considerable pressure from several members of the Convention to take a clear and firm stand regarding British military action in Java, and some members had insisted that measures be taken to prevent the Netherlands' Indonesian administration from continuing its campaign of terror in Batavia.

Dr. Hatta's address, which was reported in the third person, is described as a reply to interpellations, and was mainly a review of the state of the country. It does not mention whether definite conclusions were reached by the Convention.

LONDON DISAPPOINTED
Some disappointment has been caused among observers in London by the communiqué published to-day at the conclusion of the convention of Indonesian leaders in Batavia, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Apparently, the general hope in London that Dr. Sharir's Cabinet would receive a mandate to resume negotiations with the Dutch has not been realized.

How far the situation can be assisted by British mediation, for which the Indonesians are apparently willing, is also obscure.

So far, British political activity in Java has been concerned only to bring together Dr. H. Van Mook, Lieutenant-Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies, and Dr. Soekarno, but the prospects of further progress in this direction now seem very uncertain.

Against a background of a rising tide of violence, this indication that the negotiations will, even on the most favorable interpretation, be further delayed is considered in informed quarters in London to be grave.

The impression prevails that the gulf between the Indonesian moderates and the extremists has recently widened, and that Dr. Sharir and his colleagues have little real authority over the violent activities of the latter. — Reuter.

Commons Questions On "Glass House"

LONDON, NOV. 28. DISCLOSURE WAS MADE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TO-DAY OF ANOTHER FATALITY, 15 MONTHS AGO, AT STAKEHILL DETENTION CAMP, NEAR CASTLETON, IN LANCASHIRE, WHERE A PIONEER CORPS PRIVATE HAS FOUND HANGED IN HIS CELL A FEW WEEKS AGO.

THE VICAR AND CURATE OF ST. MARTIN'S, CASTLETON, HAVE MADE CRITICISMS OF THE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS AT THE "GLASS HOUSE."

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Tom Driberg (Labour, Malden) asked the War Minister if, in view of a certain fatality in the detention barracks, he would reconsider his decision that the court of enquiry into conditions should be held in secret and should be exclusively military in composition.

Mr. J. J. Lawson, Secretary of State for War, replied that in the case of the fatality, referred to, which took place 15 months ago, the Coroner decided that no inquest was necessary.

"I see no reason to reconsider the decision as to the composition and procedure at the forthcoming court of enquiry," he added.

ADDITIONAL POINT
Mr. Driberg: "Are you aware that when the man's relatives saw his body they reported that the face and neck were covered with bruises, and does not the fact so long has elapsed before the case has come to light pro-

CHENNAULT PROPHECY

Fortworth, Texas, Nov. 28. Major-General Clarence Chennault, retired Air Commander in China, said to-day he believed civil war in China will be over in three or four months and that the Communists will not be overthrown by the Nationalists unless strongly supported by a third power. — Associated Press.

THEY WON'T GET ME, QUOTED

MELBOURNE, NOV. 28. A CONVERSATION IN WHICH LIEUTENANT-GENERAL HENRY GORDON BENNETT, COMMANDER OF THE AUSTRALIAN FORCES IN MALAYA, WAS QUOTED AS SAYING "THEY WON'T GET ME" WAS MENTIONED AT THE GOVERNMENT ENQUIRY INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE GENERAL'S ESCAPE FROM SINGAPORE IN FEBRUARY, 1942, WHICH WAS RESUMED HERE TO-DAY.

Colonel C. H. Kappe, Chief Signals Officer of the 8th Division in Malaya, said that he spoke to General Bennett on January 29, 1942, after Dorel (Japanese News Agency) had reported that the General had been captured. The General had declared: "They won't get me." Colonel Kappe said.

Colonel Kappe said that he attended a conference on February 15 at which General Bennett announced that General A. Percival (G.O.C. of Malaya) was trying to obtain an armistice.

The witness was asked whether he remembered the "Cease Fire" order issued, and ordering officers to remain with their men and make no attempt at escape.

Colonel Kappe said that General Bennett had not told him of his intention to escape. So far as he knew, all British officers, including General Percival, remained with their troops, he added.

Colonel Kappe described General Bennett as one of the bravest and coolest men he had ever seen.

J. R. Broadbent, who was assistant Adjutant to the General with the Australian 8th Division said he was in close association with General Bennett in Malaya and believed that he was in the General's confidence. General Bennett had told him that he would not be taken prisoner and would not fall into Japanese hands. He had never discussed the ethics of escape with General Bennett. — Reuter.

SUPREME COURT BURGLAR

An attempt to break into the Supreme Court premises occurred at about 9.45 p.m. last night. The window of the office of the Custodian of Property was opened by the removal of a pane of glass. No official statement was obtainable from the Police.

MACAO BLOCKADE: NEW VERSION

The possibility of Chinese traders and collaborators making a queue to Europe by the Portuguese was expected shortly in Macao has led to the stringent blockade of Macao's border, states the "Chung Ching Yeh-Po" Canton daily.

Chinese police and military in Chungshan District are keeping a close check on all travellers to Macao, states the paper, on the watch for any sign of a queue.

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DOMESTIC POWER SUPPLY.

Owing to existing conditions it is regretted that no connections can be permitted for domestic power supply until such time as the Company is able to effect repairs to bring further plant into commission.

A further notice will be issued when the power for domestic use is available.

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Hong Kong,
28th November, 1945

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION (HONG KONG)

WORKS BRANCH (CIVIL AFFAIRS)

NOTICE

WATER SUPPLY

The supply of water in the Colony is limited and present consumption is high. The Public is requested to assist in conserving the supply by preventing waste and by economising in the use of water.

Leakage should be reported to Waterworks Complaints Depots which are open day and night. The telephone numbers are 39420 in Hong Kong and 50949 in Kowloon.

J. FORBES, Lt. Col.
Water Authority

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION (HONG KONG)

WORKS BRANCH (CIVIL AFFAIRS)

NOTICE

The following is an extract from the Waterworks Ordinance:

"Licensing of Plumbers"

Every person, except the authorized officers of the water authority, who intends to carry out for a consumer any work in connection with the construction, alteration or repair of inside services or fire services which are to deliver water supplied from the waterworks must first obtain a licence from the water authority.

Will all persons who intend to carry out work of the nature described above please apply for a licence at the office of the Water Authority, St. George's Building.

J. FORBES, Lt. Col.
Water Authority.

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REPATRIATION NOTICE

No. 41

H. M. S. "PIONEER"

- Hongkong passengers will assemble at Queen's Pier at 2.00 p.m. THURSDAY, 29th November.
- Kowloon passengers will assemble at Naval Landing Base (between Star Ferry and Kowloon Godown Wharves) at 2.30 p.m. to await Embarking Officer.
- Passengers must NOT board the vessel without first obtaining their Embarkation Cards, which will be issued at assembly points.
- Passengers will be as listed hereunder:—
Messrs. W. E. Awoock,
G. J. M. Loader,
Lee Ping Chew and
William Chen See.

REPATRIATION OFFICE.

27th November, 1945

NOTICE FOR GENERAL INFORMATION

No new applications for repatriation will be entertained after the 7th December, 1945. Persons who were informed should before that date ensure that their intended destinations have been recorded at the Repatriation Office and, except in the case of those engaged in essential services, that the Repatriation Officer has been informed of the earliest date on which they can leave.

REPATRIATION OFFICE.

27th November, 1945.

THE CHINA MAIL

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UPHILL

Until a war is won, victory looks like the end of the road. We are just beginning to learn that it is only a milestone. That beyond it the way grows steeper and steeper. But we shall have to travel it resolutely unless we want to start the journey all over again. In the Far East, we conquered Japan and destroyed her military power. That was a first and not a final phase. If Japan is to live at peace with the world, material disarmament is but a temporary palliative, for if the desire to fight persists the means will ultimately be found. The next step then, is to cut out the roots from which her warring ways spring, and with the abolition of State, Shinto, one move has been made. Yet even this breaking down of the old is only negative and preparatory work. The positive labour is yet to start. It begins with the matter of the present Diet is discussing the proposed amendments to the Japanese constitution, which will involve, however, much more than rewriting documents. It involves the democratic tendencies in Japan were always effectively quelled by the numerous non-constitutional groups and movements and influences which have played important roles in governing Japan and formulating its policies. Such are the political societies, big business circles, and the older statesmen. No constitutional reform that does not touch these groups can hope to bring about democratic settlement in Japan. A glimpse of the magnitude of the task may be seen in the words of Yoshida, the present Japanese Foreign Minister. He was recently reported by Reuter to have questioned the wisdom of breaking up one of the big business organisations and on the proposed constitutional revisions to have said, "Personally I do not know what parts of it should be revised." An even more startling indication of the stiff gradient along Japan's journey to democracy was Yoshida's further bland statement that "I am not acquainted with what you mean by democracy. Personally I feel that our constitution is democratic, but that our military have misinterpreted it." One of Japan's misinterpretations was to clasp into gaol or do to death anybody who dared to harbour what the Japanese police were pleased to call "dangerous thoughts." "Dangerous thoughts" included every form of criticism, no matter how slight, of the orthodox point of view. Even the expression in public of the belief in a man's right to choose his own wife constituted a "dangerous thought." Of those who have survived punishment for dangerous thoughts the Emperor recently declared an amnesty of 1,000,000. The figure alone is the most damning evidence the Japanese could produce of the rottenness of their political system.

PROMETHEUS BIDS FAREWELL

"We wish to extend our sincere appreciation to the British Military Civil Affairs, as well as the people of this Colony, for the courtesy and hospitality extended during our stay," said Chaplain L. A. Hargreaves, of the U.S.S. Prometheus, last night at the ship's farewell dance in the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel. The attendance was well over 500, but there seemed about seven men to every girl. The success of the occasion was a result of the hard work of the Chaplain. The ship's band supplied the music.

London, Nov. 28. The Commander-in-Chief of the Nepalese Army, Commanding General Padma Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana, and the senior Commanding General Mohan Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana, have been promoted to be Honorary Knights Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.—Reuter.

Chungking, Nov. 28. One of the first acts of the newly created supreme economic council, which came into existence two days ago, was to abolish the war production board and the war transport board.—Associated Press.

Vienna, Nov. 28. French, British and Russian soldiers made a raid on Vienna's black market in Nauehmarkt. Forty people were arrested and small quantities of battered goods seized.—Reuter.

FATHER RYAN SAYS:

THERE SHOULD BE MORE PLACES LIKE HONG KONG

"THERE SHOULD BE GIVEN TO CHINA, OR NANTUCKET TO RUSSIA, OR KRONSTADT TO THE UNITED STATES, BUT I THINK THERE WOULD BE LESS MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN NATIONS AND DEEPER FRIENDSHIPS REPLACING THEM IF THERE WERE IN THE WORLD MORE PLACES LIKE HONG KONG," SAID FATHER RYAN, S. J. YESTERDAY EVENING IN THE COURSE OF THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF WEEKLY TALKS TO BE GIVEN AT THE CATHOLIC CENTRE, KING'S BUILDING.

Beginning with a historical survey, Father Ryan said:

The one thing that impresses every one who visits Hong Kong is the extraordinary beauty of the place. However, unlike the beauty of many another harbour and port and island, it is entirely man-made. Nature has done its part with its blending of hills and sea and, at this time of the year, with the glowing sunlight and rich blue of the sky, but in reality nature has only provided the frame and the canvas for the picture, man has done the rest. Many of you have seen stretches of the neighbouring coast line, you have seen the bare hills, the wooded mountains, the desolate shore, and that is what one saw in Hong Kong a hundred years ago. Even after the building of the city had gone on for some years one of the local farmers declared it "a subject of wonder why, where so wide a choice was open, our negotiators should have selected such a sterile, wild and unlovely island as Hong Kong." The transformation of that sterile island into what you see around you to-day is the story of Hong Kong.

According to the standards of the East, where time is measured by thousands of years, the history of Hong Kong is a brief one. It is the great days of ancient China and its monuments, too, but it was too remote to be of any real importance. The Portuguese had long known it as one of the *Ladrones*, the "Islands of Thieves," a place of a few fishermen and many pirates. British traders got to know of it as a safe anchorage in the early years of the last century.

THE BEGINNING
In those days the East India Company had extended its field to China. Trade was not then the wholesome thing that it is claimed to be to-day, and the English ships that traded with China dealt unashamedly in opium, though that cargo was under almost as many prohibitions then as it is now. Disputes arose and the disputes led to war, and when the war was over it was agreed that an island off the Chinese coast should be given to England as a military and commercial base.

The English government had been long hoping for such an island, just as Portugal had Macao, and the one that was now Foreign Secretary, Lord Palmerston, had in mind was Chusan, off Chekiang, below the mouth of the Yangtze. But his representative in China thought differently. At that time there was an official in charge of British interests out here, and the man who held the position in the late thirties of the last century was a certain Captain Charles Elliot, who was made plenipotentiary when war came. He had very definite views of his own on most things, and one of his more useful places than Chusan, was to choose it. The Government was angry with him, and Queen Victoria, who was then just twenty-one, wrote to the King of the Bulgarians about the "unaccountably strange conduct of Charles Elliot," so Elliot was recalled and sent off as Consul-General to the Republic of Texas. The Chinese Government was angry also with its representative, and expelled him to the north. But the agreement was made, and in January, 1841, Hong Kong became a British possession.

UNSAVOURY REPUTATION
There was not much to arouse enthusiasm about the new possession. There were a few thousand people on the island and they had a very unsavoury reputation. They lived in the places that we now know as Aberdeen, Stanley and Shaukiwan. The bay of Aberdeen was the most favoured place in the island, but the English ships had got accustomed to taking shelter between the island and the mainland, so it was here where the city now stands that the first shore headquarters were set up.

What has happened at the recent rebirth of Hong Kong is the repetition of its first beginning. The navy came first, then the army appeared, and a civil administration, and the business men were all around, impatient to get on with their work. The military and the civil government set up their camps close to one another. The first camp was near the site of the present Murray Barracks, and the civil offices were at the lowest Garden Road corner of the present public gardens. The business men kept aloof, and clustered round the place where the King's Theatre now stands.

The only semblance of a road on the site of the city was a straggling path running down to the shore from the west. This was adopted as the first road, and called Queen's Road. It follows the same irregular line, and runs up the same name. Other roads followed in due course, one straggling to the east towards Shaukiwan, and another to the west, to bring the bricks that were manufactured at West Point. The present Des Voeux Road then, and

for many years later, marked the sea front.
A great deal of the history of the Colony is commemorated in the names of the roads and other place names. Pottinger Street which runs from the Central Police Station to the water front is called after Sir Henry Pottinger, the first Governor, and Pedder Street after the first Harbour Master, who had his office at the head of it. Stanley, now so unpleasantly familiar to many, was called after the Secretary of State for the Colonies and Aberdeen after the Secretary for Foreign Affairs. Repulse Bay commemorates a battle-ship that often visited these waters. Lee House Street and its name from the stores for keeping the ice brought from North America which stood at the end of the street, where the City Through Bank of New York is to-day, and Seven-and-Sixpenny Hill is the hill on which soldiers trudged to get their weekly pay of 7d. Two names defy research, Wyndham Street and Hollywood Road, which were among the earliest of the city's streets.

Before most of these streets existed the Colony had to go through many vicissitudes. It had a bad start, for in the first six months there was an outbreak of malignant malaria, a typhoid and a disastrous fire. Before long a worse outbreak of malaria followed which took the lives of ten per cent. of the civilians and a quarter of the soldiers. At the same time there was constant disagreement with the Chinese Government, friction in the Colony itself between the executive government and the judiciary, so that the Chief Justice was actually brought for trial before the Executive Council—there was violent criticism of the government by the business population, and there was banditry on shore and piracy at sea, so it was not strange that a popular song of the time should be "You may go to Hong Kong for me."

NO BETTER FRIENDS
An epoch of Hong Kong's history has ended, and none of us who have made it our home and formed part of its life can pass its history in review without a critical questioning, but we can also regard it with a certain feeling of satisfaction. It has been a long and arduous journey, and when the island was attacked by British and Chinese and Portuguese, and representatives of a dozen other races that had become its citizens, sprang to arms in its defence.

NO BETTER FRIENDS
An epoch of Hong Kong's history has ended, and none of us who have made it our home and formed part of its life can pass its history in review without a critical questioning, but we can also regard it with a certain feeling of satisfaction. It has been a long and arduous journey, and when the island was attacked by British and Chinese and Portuguese, and representatives of a dozen other races that had become its citizens, sprang to arms in its defence.

KIDS ENJOY SHOW

The large audience which attended the 6 o'clock performance of the E.N.S.A. show "Lucky Dip" at the China Fleet Club Theatre on Tuesday, were treated to a double-header.

Over 600 kiddies from the Red Cross, Rosary Hill, Centre swamped the front seats and their youthful enthusiasm and buoyant high spirits kept the rest of the audience amused throughout the show.

For many, this was their first opportunity to witness a first class stage presentation. Even the oldest children were enraptured by the antics of George the ventriloquist's doll.

ARMED GANG IN KOWLOON

An armed robbery occurred in Yau Ma Tei at about 9.35 p.m. last night when a gang of ten armed Chinese entered the Yuen Hong Lau, a Chinese Export Firm, No. 68A Nathan Road, and escaped with H.K.\$5,000 and six watches from a customer on the premises.

The man, gained entrance by pretending that they were intending to purchase goods, and searched the occupants of the premises and escaped in the direction of Soy Street.

Copenhagen, Nov. 28. The War Committee of the Maritime Conference on Tuesday adopted a proposal for a monthly minimum wage of 218 sterling for able seamen.—Reuter.

This Imperialism!

Cambridge, Nov. 28. Students of Cambridge University have opened a fund for defence of members of the Indian National Army now on trial in India, and an appeal has been issued.

After nearly four years in the U.S. coast guard, Comdr. Jack Demme, former world heavy-weight boxing champion, returned to civilian life yesterday with a discharge.—Associated Press.

ANTI-COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN

Eleven Canton organisations have banded together against what the Chung Ching Yat Fo, a Canton daily, describes as "Communist endeavour to cause a rupture in the nation."

The organisation, the paper reports, will endeavour, through pamphlets, posters, speakers at schools and clubs, and cinematic propaganda, to lead into the public of the province a sense of the necessity of banding together to preserve a united nation.

The campaign will last a month.

New York, Nov. 28.

After nearly four years in the U.S. coast guard, Comdr. Jack Demme, former world heavy-weight boxing champion, returned to civilian life yesterday with a discharge.—Associated Press.

READERS' LETTERS

A SUMMARY

Sir: I was surprised to find that so many replies to "Brown Knees" letter of 23rd inst., made print with such haste. Firstly, I should like to mention that "being personal" is not permitted in discussions and that both of the hon. gentlemen who disclosed their identity, managed not only to be personal but "shot a poor line" into the bargain.

"Straight Talk's" letter answers "Brown Knees" very well and throws much light on the subject but with the exception of admitting that his grouse seems very real, I don't agree with his resultant action.

When you suggest that "Brown Knees" has no conception of the task which Okinawa Chindits (such is our affectionate name for you) performed in the rehabilitation of this colony, do you really insinuate that Ragroon rehabilitated itself?

"West" does not agree with you "Straight Talk." After building the drone at Okinawa, he was to return to the U.K. as informed by Air Marshal Floyd whilst you infer participation in the invasion of Japan! How does such controversy arise?

"Tally" has high principles and knows that Mr. Attlee will only send shipping when he considers the time ripe. Why then, the protest?

If you men at Ping Shan are prepared to wait for shipping whilst our repatriates and all due for demobilisation home, what do you intend to do in the meantime? If you don't want to do this job whilst waiting, you show yourselves as disinclined to work at all. Laidens will not achieve the things our country requires!

Local labour could no doubt finish the job and quite possibly, assist you at this stage. Our country needs this airfield, otherwise it would not have been projected. Every man is urgently needed these days but unfortunately the men are not always at the required place.

Whilst I would be useful in a trade in City Street, the service tells me that I am one of the few, capable of servicing aircraft. As the call for this work is great, the demobilisation in this trade has been slow and will possibly stop. Like most of you, I dislike Service life and my future task abhors me. If the need for me is urgent I'll do it but will try to fulfil my ambition of becoming a Civil Air Line. The R.A.F. should not bring and carry any more than be utilized for house building.

When you complained, you appeared most selfish. We have a complaint also. Had you protested for a speedier demobilisation and all, you would have succeeded in gaining our sympathy instead of disfavoured. With both parties determined on a quick demob, we can walk arm in arm. (friendly line shoots permitted) until Mr. Attlee favours our cause.

If that time be not far off, show us just how much you can do before we all go home! "Deeds not Words" is a fine old motto.

CPL. HEMMINGS, A.J.

WHAT ANSWER?

Sir—Please permit me space in your papers to second, "Hong Kong Born" to Loyall, which appeared in your issue of the 26th inst.

"Third National" is indeed a term coined by the Japanese, but it offers a local people a means of evading internment. It was quite natural that we snapped up the opportunity, for had we not enough of colour distinction during the evacuation to warn us that we were not wanted in a community of "All Whites"? Are we to be considered disloyal just because we did not want to rely on the subsidy of the British Commonwealth? Are we to be regarded as traitors just because we remained in Hong Kong and stuck it out. Are we to be denigrated just because we stayed behind to be able

Chief Scout's Message

After the recent meeting of local Scouts and Scouters at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. the Colony Commissioner, the Rev. N. V. Halward was able to inform Imperial Headquarters of the revival of Scouting in Hong Kong. A message has since been received by the Commissioner from the Chief Scout, Lord Rowallan, which reads as follows:—

"Delighted to receive your cable and to hear scouting has already got going. Good wishes to your lot."

A number of groups have already started, 17th Hong Kong group formerly of King's College is now running at Wanchai School. The 13th H.K. (Central Chinese) have made the Chinese Y.M.C.A. their Headquarters.

Preparations are being made by 1st H.K. Sea Scouts, 1st H.K. (St. Joseph's) 2nd H.K. (Catholic Cathedral), 10th H.K. (St. Paul's) and 16th H.K. (Wah Yuen) to start shortly. A number of Kowloon troops are planning to join forces to form a strong Rover Crew in Kowloon.

READERS' LETTERS

A SUMMARY

I don't know what those in authority would answer, but what I do know is this: When we applied for rations for which we have to pay \$52.50, we were told that since we are neither internees nor refugees we are not entitled to rations, further, on approaching those in charge of the Red Cross parcels we were asked off in the same way. Moreover, we were asked whether we had any recommendations, of course we haven't, how can we expect recommendations from those who don't know us while those we had befriended are no longer here.

A few days after Armistice we received letters from the Senior Officers of the Prisoners of War Camp, banking us for the parcels we had sent, herewith is an extract:—

"It is our intention, at the earliest moment to inform the authorities at Home of the parcels which you have so unselfishly performed during the years of our imprisonment, and to point out that the receipt of these parcels probably saved many lives and undoubtedly prevented the complete breakdown of the physical and mental health of large numbers."

I have no doubt that they would do everything to repay us, but have we to wait for the Home Government to take the lead in appreciating the services we rendered? How about the Local Authorities doing something for us?

It may be argued that we sent parcels only to those near and dear to us, but I can assure you that that is not the case of every parcel sender, there are many of us who made great sacrifices for mere acquaintances. Those who had husbands and expectant hearts at home, or who were away for a change of air or are simply rewarded, but what about us? It is most deplorable that those who were employed by the Japanese, and had been most overbearing in their manner, are now in some services or other. It does make us envious. Mind you, it's not because we are not qualified and experienced in our profession, it's mainly because we have no one here to back us up.

Here is a case that is worth considering: Upon the recommendation of a major, an ex-internee, a capable girl applied for a job in one of the leading Government Departments, she was told to fill in an application form and that she would be called up within a week, well, seven weeks have lapsed since that day and she is still waiting.

BRITISH-BIRTH.

AN OLD STORY

Sir—"The Indignant Sailor" who protested in your columns against the treatment they were forced of some out to the Japanese Naval P.O.W. express sentiments, not entirely their own, but common throughout all the British and Allied services, indeed, common throughout the world where the voice of the common man and woman is adequately heard, against their own better judgement, to handle the Japanese P.O.W. in exactly the same way we treated the Germans after the last war.

What happened? We all know what happened. The Germans, still convinced that the rest of the world and still believing that they were the "master race", plunged us into five years of horror and suffering the like of which had never been seen before.

Are we going to allow the Japanese to have like illusions about themselves? According to the news that so infrequently reaches us, the Allies are making sure that it is not happening in Germany. But what about the Japanese? Are we to tolerate the kid-glove methods? We, who have suffered so much in the hands of the enemy?

EX-PRISONER-OF-WAR.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION BRANCH

NOTICE

Medical Facilities

Civil Affairs Personnel, Essential Services Workers and dependents of Volunteers may obtain medical advice and treatment as follows:

Medical Clinics

Gloucester Hotel, First Floor, Tel: 25633

Fire Brigade Building, Ground Floor, Tel: 32953

Peninsula Hotel, First Floor, Tel: 58081 Ext. 39

Kowloon Hospital-Out Patient Clinic

Queen Mary Hospital-Out Patient Clinic

The hours of attendance are:

09.00-12.00

14.00-16.30

Special Consultations

a) Eye Consultations are held by Dr. T. P. Lee at Queen's Road, Out Patient Dept. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 09.00-12.00 hours or at Kowloon Hospital on Mon., Wed. and Fri. from 09.00-12.00 hours.

b) Dental Service can be obtained at Gloucester Bldg., Room 416 Tel: 20785

King's Building, First Floor, Tel: 31567

Hours of consultations are 09.00-12.00 hours 14.00-16.30

c) Surgical, Medical, Gynaecological, Ear, Nose, and Throat etc. consultations can be arranged at the Queen Mary Hospital and Kowloon Hospitals by individual appointment through the Medical Officer at the Clinics or directly through the Medical Officer in charge of the Hospital concerned.

Hospital Facilities

Full hospital facilities for the treatment of emergency and other conditions have been established at

a) Queen Mary Hospital MO i/c Dr. Griffith Tel. 34144

b) Kowloon Hospital MO i/c Lt. Col. Wilkinson Tel. 59836

c) Nethersole Hospital MO i/c Dr. R. M. Alderton Tel. 27787

Emergency and Night Calls

In cases of emergency the Medical Officer or duty can be reached by telephone outside ordinary hours as follows

Hong Kong: Gloucester Hotel, 8th Floor, Tel: 28141 ask for doctor on call (Capt. Lee or Capt. Abraham)

Kowloon: Peninsula Hotel, Room 514, Tel: 58081 (Dr. H. C. Ho)

Essential Services personnel whose firms have medical officers are expected to contact their own officer in case of emergency.

Ambulances

With the present scarcity of transport arrangements for an ambulance should be made through a Medical Officer.

In case of emergency ambulances are available as follows:—

Hong Kong: Naval Dockyard Tel: 30361 Ext. 45, 08.00-16.00 hrs. Ext. 118 16.00-08.00

Kowloon: R.A.F. Tel: 58813 or R.N. Tel: 50077

7. Civil Affairs Officers should make appointments by telephone for Clinic and Special Consultations to avoid unnecessary waste of time.

C. B. H. DELAMAIN,

Colonel,

D. C. C. A. O. (Mil.)

Chinese Entertain U.S. Naval Officers

SINO-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP WAS FURTHER STRENGTHENED WHEN THE CHINESE COMMUNITY OF HONG KONG THROUGH ITS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ENTERTAINED REAR-ADMIRAL ELLIOT BUCKMASTER AND HIGH OFFICERS OF THE U.S. FLEET IN SOUTH CHINA WATERS TO A DINNER PARTY AT THE KIN KWOK RESTAURANT YESTERDAY EVENING.

Officers included Captains J. E. Reinburg and J. J. Collier, Commanders W. E. Makoske, H. E. Barden, J. Burnbaum, R. E. Wagstaff, K. O. A. Zittel and A. H. Nelson, Lt. Comdr. S. H. P. Reid, Jr. G. Thorne, H. P. A. Harper, R. B. Hadaway and A. O. Foley; and Lieutenants H. B. Miller, H. Z. Theld, J. C. Beck, Jr., E. L. Markey, Estroff and E. L. Markey. Among other guests were Mr. G. D. Hopper (American Consul-General), General Chau Nyan-pai, of the Chinese Military Mission and Messrs. T. B. Wilson, J. A. Howard, S. S. Church and J. Stevenson.

Mr. Tung Chung-wei, Chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, speaking in Chinese, extended a warm welcome to Admiral Buckmaster and all the distinguished guests of the evening, including General Chau Nyan-pai.

With the surrender of the Japanese aggressor, peace has once again been restored to a war-torn world. The enemy that perpetrated all these crimes was now

humbled and now awaiting judgment at the bar of justice. China was deeply indebted to her Allies for their help and co-operation.

"Tonight," said Mr. Tung, "we are fortunate to have American friends among us. I myself take this opportunity to tell them how deeply grateful we are for all that their country has done for China."

ONE OF HIGHLIGHTS Admiral Buckmaster, rising to reply, said: "When I first came to Hong Kong with the ships of the U.S. Fleet, I was given a warm welcome. A delegation came out to meet me and I was made to feel very welcome. We have been connected with the movement of the Chinese Army, that is the reason I was unable to give any date earlier. This party was certainly worth waiting for. I assure you that I will go down in our memories as one of the highlights of Hong Kong."

A party like this before, and neither have most of the officers here to night. Some of them are going home shortly, and they are going to take with them the memory of this great occasion.

"The people in the United States have a great admiration for this war. May the bonds of friendship and mutual understanding that have been formed in the heat and flame of battle continue for ever between our nations."

The hosts numbered 80 odd, among them Mr. Tung Chung-wei, Mr. Kwok Chan, Sir Shouson Chow, Dr. Arthur Woo, Messrs. M. K. Lo, Ho Wing, Philip Gock-chin, Tsui Kwai-leung, Li Tse-fong, Yung Sai-kwong, H. Y. Tso, Lo Yuk-tong and Mok Kon-sang.

DEATH SENTENCE According to report from Canton, Miss Rosalind Wang, one time dental assistant in Hong Kong, to Dr. Yamazaki, was executed after being found guilty on a charge of being a traitor, on Thursday last.

She was apprehended by the Chinese military authorities acting in collaboration with United States security officers in Canton.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. Friday, November 30th, St. Andrew's Day, Evening Service at 6.30 p.m. Precentor: Rev. K. Phillips, R.A.F. Bible Study in the Vicarage at 8 p.m.

NOTICE

We hereby announce that Mr. Y. K. Kan (何健) will join our firm as a partner on the 1st December, 1945.

LO and LO, Solicitors.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB NOTICE

At a meeting of members held on Saturday, 17th November, 1945, it was resolved that racing in Hongkong should be resumed as soon as possible.

In view of this, the Club wishes to make it known that lists are now open at the Secretary's office, 1st Floor, Exchange Building, where names can be registered as subscribers for Australian Ponies. The lists will close at 6 p.m. on Friday, the 30th November, 1945.

For the benefit of Members of the Services who are not acquainted with the procedure, the Club wishes to point out that several names can be registered for one pony and that there is no difficulty in one or more part owners disposing of his or their shares in a pony in the event of their transfer from Hongkong.

By order of the Stewards, H. ROZARIO, Acting Secretary.

D'ASIS STUDIO

ART PHOTOGRAPHY D. AND P. FERRIER PHOTO SUPPLIES MOVIE SERVICE

10, ICE HOUSE STREET

Chennault Backs Hurley

Fort Worth, Texas, Nov. 28. Brig.-Gen. Claire Chennault, the former Air Commander in China, to-day commended Ambassador Hurley's severe criticism of American policy in the Far East.

"I was glad to see he placed the issue squarely before the American people," he declared, "with his release of the reasons for his resignation. The issue I refer to is whether the policies of our President and our Congress will be implemented out there (in China) or whether they will be nullified by a few individuals in the State and War Departments."

"Now is the time when we must decide what our policy will be in the Far East, and, having made that decision, we must implement it 100 per cent. with all of our efforts and force," Associated Press.

SEVERE QUAKE

Sydney, Nov. 28. The greatest earthquake ever to be recorded by River-view Observatory occurred at 8.11 a.m. local time to-day. It is considered to be the severest since the year 1909, and the waves of the original quake were still recorded at 1 p.m.

The shock appeared to originate some 6,600 miles from River-view, Sydney. —Reuter.

COMMUNICATIONS CONFERENCE

Hamilton, Bermuda, Nov. 28. American delegates to the Anglo-American telecommunications conference proposed to continue direct radio telegraph circuits connecting the United States with Australia, Bermuda, Egypt, India and New Zealand. Unless the governments agree to consent, these circuits would be terminated in six months and traffic to the United States would be sent over the British empire system.

The Americans also proposed the establishment of new direct circuits between the United States and Hong Kong, Ceylon, Singapore, Jamaica, Palestine and South Africa. —Associated Press.

The Dorothy Dix Of Service Men

SYMPATHY WRITTEN ALL OVER HER FACE, TALL, LANKY, MOTHERLY MRS. MARSHALL RECEIVED OUR REPORTER AT S.S.A.F.A. HEADQUARTERS AT THE KOWLOON N.A.A.F.I. CANTEN CLUB YESTERDAY.

THE "CHINA MAIL" RECEIVED THE PRIORITY DUE A PROBLEM CHILD OVER SEVERAL SERVICEMEN, REPRESENTING ALL THREE SERVICES, WAITING FOR THEIR DOSE OF GOOD ADVICE.

The Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Family Association, has been giving ready advice to British servicemen the world over for many years. It has workers at present with the Services in the Middle East, Italy, Norway, India and wherever S.E.A.C. has penetrated in East Asia.

There are some 20,000 workers in the field in the United Kingdom alone, organized territorially under District and County Secretaries. The S.S.A.F.A. representatives abroad work through these to contact the families of men abroad who wish S.S.A.F.A. aid in the solution of their home and family problems.

Posers brought to S.S.A.F.A.'s doorstep by homesick and worried servicemen include advice on personal problems and home needs of dependants of servicemen abroad. S.S.A.F.A. has a direct cable service with branches of the Association at Home and will write letters and direct inquiries on behalf of servicemen who are puzzled over some home matter where they do not know what step to take.

RECONCILIATIONS S.S.A.F.A. endeavours to reconcile servicemen and their wives at home who have, for one reason or another, stopped it helps a man to obtain information with regard to his estranged family at Home and will even give advice regarding matrimonial questions, separation and divorce.

The Association is purely a civilian organization and is merely attached to the military. Servicemen's home problems are received and discussed in the strictest confidence.

Office hours are Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2.30 to 5 p.m., Friday and Saturday, 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m., at Room No. 81 of the N.A.A.F.I. Canteen Club, Kowloon.

Mrs. Marshall is carrying on alone for the present, but more S.S.A.F.A. workers are expected here. Calcutta and Singapore have been her posts up to the present with the S.E.A.C. forces. She is an indefatigable worker and is field trip to Ping Shan is all in the day's work. She has discussed home problems with hundreds of servicemen and is available for hundreds more.

CHIANG'S ORDER Shanghai, Nov. 28. Chiang Kai-shek has ordered his military commanders to permit trucks carrying U.N.R.R.A. relief supplies to travel unmolested into Communist-controlled areas.

T. F. C. Tsing, head of the Chinese national relief and rehabilitation administration, said Communist General Chou En-lai also had promised cooperation. —Associated Press.

Soviet Near Atomic Goal?

Moscow, Nov. 28. What is believed to be an indication that the Soviet Union is nearing discovery of secrets of the atomic bomb is contained in the current issue of the Communist Party organ, published to-day.

The paper says Soviet scientists can now transform "various elements into other elements" in great quantities. —Reuter.

INCIDENTS ON STEAMER

Stephen George Coster, of the Wave Monarch, was yesterday found guilty by Mr. Leo D'Almada at the Marine Court on two charges of wilfully disobeying the lawful orders of the master of the ship. The first charge arose from an incident in Sydney on August 22 and the other while the ship was in Kowloon Bay on November 19.

Defendant was fined \$150 or 15 days' imprisonment on the second charge, while, on the first charge, a conviction was recorded.

Lieut. M.E.P. Jump prosecuted. Defendant was not legally represented.

William John Brown, chief engineer of Wave Monarch, said that on August 22 in Sydney, defendant went to the mess-room shortly before one o'clock for his meal and found none. Witness told defendant that the meal hour was 12 o'clock.

Coster replied that he was free to use his meal hour as he wished and that if he did not get it, he would not work. Witness said he took no notice of the remark and dismissed the matter. Later at 1.15 p.m., witness and defendant repeated the statement that he would not work if he did not get his meal. The Captain ordered defendant to begin work but he refused and did not work that day.

In Kowloon Bay on November 19, the second engineer brought defendant to him and stated that he had refused to obey an order. He enquired and found accused had been ordered to supervise a working party of Chinese employed in cleaning the bilges and tanks. Accused was not required to do any active work. The reason given by defendant then for not obeying the order was that he did not know Chinese. A knowledge of the language was not necessary.

TWICE REFUSED Witness took Coster to the Captain, who told him that the order had to be carried out. That was about 11 a.m. Witness was told to repeat the order at about 1 p.m. and again defendant refused to obey.

In reply to Mr. D'Almada, witness said that the work on that occasion was general and within the scope of defendant's duties. The Sydney incident was reported to the Police and Shipping Master and the matter was dropped. No action was taken regarding this incident in the Sydney courts or by the Captain, exercising his powers.

Cross-examined by defendant, witness disagreed that the work he was called upon to do in Kowloon was not mentioned in the Articles he signed. The work was not necessarily that of the "Donkerman" but could be given to anyone of defendant's rating.

Defendant admitted the facts, but said that after he had reported the matter to the Shipping Master at Sydney, the matter was dropped.

On the second charge, defendant said he was asked to take charge of a group of small boys ranging from 11 to 15 years of age.

HOTEL HOLD-UP A robbery occurred in the Sun Hotel, Nathan Road, at about 10.30 last night, when a Chinese woman residing in room No. 312, on the second floor of the hotel, was robbed by two Chinese armed with revolvers.

The woman's husband received a telephone call and left the room. Immediately on his departure, the two men entered the room, bound and gagged her and robbed her of four gold finger rings.

The Police, on being informed, carried out a search of the hotel, allowing no residents or members of the staff to leave during the investigation.

JEEP JOYRIDER SMASHES VEHICLE A jeep belonging to H.M.S. Artifax was reported missing from outside the China Fleet Club on Monday afternoon.

The jeep was later found badly smashed, up in Wanchai. The Authorities are looking for the unauthorized driver.

Police and naval patrols are keeping a sharp look out for cases of a similar nature, as joyriders have been active recently in the Central and Eastern districts.

REMAND HOME THEFT For stealing six beams of wood from the Joyville Remand Home in Causeway Bay on Monday, Chan Sang, was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. C. Y. Kwok yesterday.

According to Sub-Inspector Chan of Bay View, accused was apprehended when leaving the Remand Home with the wood. With another man not in custody, he tore down wooden supporting planks on the premises.

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KING'S

SHOWING TO-DAY DAILY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

NORMA SHEARER, CLARK GABLE

In Clarence Brown's production

"IDIOT'S DELIGHT" An M-G-M Picture

ALHAMBRA THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At 2.30, 5.00, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

THEIR FUNNIEST FULL-LENGTH FEATURE STAN OLIVER LAUREL HARDY

"OUR RELATIONS" A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE

NEXT CHANGE "TARZAN ESCAPES"

MAJESTIC THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY At 2.30, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

ERROL FLYNN in "SANTA FE TRAIL"

with Olivia de Havilland A Warner Bros. Picture

Next Change "WEST POINT OF THE AIR"

ORIENTAL

3 SHOWS: 2.30-7.15-9.15 Showing To-day & To-morrow

CARY GRANT in a very exciting picture "LAST OUTPOST"

Next Attraction Jeanette MacDonald in "SWEET HEART"

"THORNYCROFT"

Our Branch Office has opened temporary premises c/o Messrs Blair & Co., at French Bank Building, 2nd floor, and we shall be obliged if all prospective clients will communicate enquiries to that address during the present emergency period where they will be promptly handled and communicated to our executive who is now proceeding to London to ascertain full details and specifications with prices of latest models on all lines of our products:—

Vehicles—Petrol/Diesel Marine Engines—Petrol/Diesel

Boilers—Water Tube Motor Boats & Water Craft of all description.

Our Hong Kong & China office is a Direct Branch of:—

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & Co., Ltd., Smith Square, Westminster, London

MASONIC HALL 11 Queen's Road, Central, 2nd floor. (Entrance—Los House Bk.)

All local brethren as well as visiting brethren who have registered are requested to attend masonic meeting on Monday, 1st December at 6 for 5.30 p.m.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL SERVICE ENTERTAINMENT

ENSA PRESENTS

"LUCKY DIP" ALL THIS WEEK—TWICE NIGHTLY AT 6.00 & 8.00 CHINA FLEET CLUB THEATRE (Limited reserved accommodation for Officers at 8.00 performance)

"JOCK & TED" PLAYING TO R.A.F. UNITS

"KEEP MOVING" FOR TWO WEEKS—TWICE NIGHTLY AT 6.00 & 8.00 SYBIL SHERWOOD, PAT GAYE, RITA MASSARA, RONALD GEORGE, FRANK TREWHITT NAAMI CANTEN CLUB KOWLOON

ALL RANKS—ALL SERVICES—ADMISSION FREE Servicemen may bring one guest each.

QUEENS

TEL. 31453 FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

LORETTA YOUNG—DAVID NIVEN

RICHARD CORDENE in

"FOUR MEN AND A PRAYER" A 20th Century-Fox Picture directed by JOHN FORD

ALSO LATEST NEWSREELS (with compliments of the United States Information Service)

"OCCUPATION OF JAPAN" "JAPAN SIGNS FINAL SURRENDER"

COMMENCING TO-MORROW MARGARET JAMES SULLIVAN STEWART

"THE MORTAL STORM" An M-G-M Picture

LEE THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At 2.30, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

"NO GREATER LOVE"

Produced by CHINA MOTION PICTURE CORP. OF HONGKONG under the supervision of the Military Political Council of China

See China fighting for herself alone undismayed, facing the tragedies of war to defend her homes, her spiritual values and treasured rights. See the unity of purpose and aspirations which exist between soldier and peasant, young and old, men and women, the perils and cost in life and treasure so that others may live to safeguard the integrity of a nation and the basic human rights.

All Dialogues in Chinese

CENTRAL THEATRE TELEPHONE NO. 25720

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 2.30, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

FRANK CAPRA'S "TUNISIAN VICTORY"

The Best War Picture Showing Actual Combat Scenes of the Crushing Defeat of the Nazis by the Combined Operations of British, American & French Armies, Navies and Air Forces.

ALSO "A LETTER FROM AUSTRALIA" The Latest Travogue on the Leading Cities of Australia

CATHAY

THEATRE WANCHAI TO-DAY ONLY—2.30, 7.15, 9.15

Actual War Front Scenes JUST ARRIVED!

First ever shown in Far East A Most Exciting! Thrilling! Daring Picture

"MASTER OF THE SKY" Presented by EAGLE-LION Come Early Less You Miss THE LATEST WAR NEWS REELS

Also—JUNGLE PATROL "STARTS TO-MORROW"—Robert Young in "SWORN ENEMY"

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I am practicing on my own account under the firm name of P. C. WOO & CO., Solicitors, at the Bank of East Asia Bldg. 1st floor. Telephone No. 25087.

Dated the 27th day of November, 1945.

P. C. WOO.

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WORDS 10 CENTS PER WORD
PER INSERTION

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Resumes are waiting at our offices
for Box Nos. 11, 12, 16, 23, 25, 26.

WANTED KNOWN

THE TENANT of 10 Ice House
Street, Ground Floor requests the la-
dies to collect the rent for November
1945.

EAGLE PHOTO STUDIO.—We
have over 15 years of reputation in
Photographic Service. Fine Por-
traits. Developing, printing and
enlarging. Satisfaction guaranteed.
25, Pottinger Street.

TRY OUR BEST dry-cleaning and
dyeing service. Moderate charges.
Reliable service. Paris Steam Laundry
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LADIES. A Big Opportunity. A
Great Sale of Dresses, Suits, Coats
Etc., at Salon de Modes, Alexandra
Building, Des Voeux Road.

HAVE YOU EVER SEEN—
Chinese eight immortals carved on
old ivory shown at Mode Eite, 22
Queen's Road, C? Also showing
elaborately embroidered coverings of
all sizes finest tailor-made pyjamas,
coats, robes, smartest furlet hats,
"Two-way" stretch elastic girdles,
exquisite hair clips, etc., etc.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE. Shop specializing in
Ladies' wear etc., in central District.
Proprietress leaving colony. Please
apply Box No. 27 "China Mail".

CONTENTS of Furnished three
roomed flat, Mid Levels. Please
apply Box No. 28 "China Mail".

Bring your prescriptions to

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for reliable dispensing at reasonable prices.

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COMBINED SERVICES OFFICERS CLUBS

The Festival Of

ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT

Will be celebrated in the traditional manner

BY A

DINNER DANCE

To be held in the Rose Room, Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon

ON

Friday, 30th November, 1945, at 19.00 hours

Dinner will be served from 20.30 hours

Admission By Ticket Only

Tickets—Single \$7.00, Double \$10.00

Obtainable from all Branch Secretaries

Closing Thursday at 22.00 hours

Tables are Bookable and must be claimed before 20.00 hours

The Pipes of 42 R.M. Commando Band will be in attendance
by kind permission of the Commanding Officer.

(There will be no Club Dance on Thursday evening,
29th November, 1945).

To All Ranks Of All Services ROLL UP!! ROLL UP!!

TO THE

R.A.S.C.

N.A.A.F.I./E.F.I.

X'MAS BAZAAR

Gifts To Send Home

KIDDIES TOYS	SILKS
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OPENING FRIDAY, NOV. 30TH

Union Jack Club

QUEEN'S ROAD, HONG KONG

N.A.A.F.I./E.F.I. SERVES THE SERVICES

Hurley's Bitter Attack On American Policy

Infamons

Washington, Nov. 28.
America's former Secretary
of State Cordell Hull, yester-
day branded as "infamous"
the inference in an Army in-
quiry board's report that the
notice which he said was sent
to the Japanese "peace" em-
bassadors on November 25,
1941, was directly responsible
for the start of the Pacific
war.—Associated Press.

"Indianapolis" Sinking Trial

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28.
THE NAVY TODAY OR-
DERED A GENERAL COURT
MARTIAL TO TRY CAPT.
CHARLES H. MC VAY III,
COMMANDER OF THE CRUI-
SER INDIANAPOLIS, WHEN
SANK AFTER A MYSTERI-
OUS EXPLOSION EN ROUTE
TO LEYTE DURING THE
PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN.

The disaster cost 880 men,
dead and missing.
The ship was not even able
to send a distress signal and
official reports have disclosed
that its disappearance was not
known until nearly dead survi-
vors were sighted at sea several
days later.

It was one of the strangest
and most tragic disappointments
in U.S. naval annals. The
open court convenes Monday.
—Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 28.
HURLEY, TO-DAY RE-
SIGNED AS AMBASSADOR TO CHINA AND BITTER-
LY ASSISTED U.S. POLICY IN ASIA, DECLARING
THAT THE THIRD WORLD WAR WAS IN THE MAK-
ING.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS NAMED GENERAL GEORGE
C. MARSHALL, FORMER CHIEF OF STAFF, AS HIS
SPECIAL ENVOY TO CHINA WITH THE RANK OF
AMBASSADOR. MARSHALL WILL RETAIN HIS FIVE-
STAR RANK DURING HIS SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT
WHICH WILL BE TEMPORARY.

Hurley charged that the Uni-
ted States was using its power
and reputation to undermine
democracy and bolster imperi-
alism and communism in the
Far East.

He asserted: "In diplomacy
to-day we are permitting our-
selves to be sucked into a power
bloc on the side of colonial im-
perialism against Communist
imperialism. I am opposed to
both. I still favor democracy
and free enterprise."

Hurley announced his re-
signation in a 1,500-word state-
ment containing charges that
certain diplomats and State De-
partment officials were blocking
United States war aims.

He said the United States
"began the war with the prin-
ciples of the Atlantic Charter
and democracy as our goal. We
finished the war in the Far
East furnishing our lend-lease
supplies and using all our reputa-
tion to undermine democracy
and bolster imperialism and
communism."

LOWER ECHELONS
Hurley said he agreed entirely
with the outline of American
foreign policy which President
Truman had made in his Navy
Day address but stated that
"professional diplomats in low-
er echelons were frustrating the
attainment of the announced
policy of aims."

The General
said when he was assigned to
China he was directed by Presi-
dent Roosevelt to prevent the
collapse of the Chiang Kai-shek
Government and keep the Chi-
nese army in the war.

Hurley said these constituted
the chief objectives together
with the directive to harmonise
relations between the Chinese
and American military estab-
lishments and between the
American Embassy in Chung-
king and the Chinese Govern-
ment. He asserted that these
objectives were accomplished.

NO SECRET
Hurley added it was no secret
that American policy in China
did not have the support of all
career men in the State De-
partment.

He said: "The professional
foreign service men sided with
the Chinese Communist Par-
ty and imperialist bloc of the
nation whose policy was to keep
China divided against herself."
"Our professional diplomats
continuously advised the Com-
munist that my efforts in pre-
venting the collapse of the Na-
tional Government did not re-
present the policy of the United
States."

"The same professionals open-
ly advised the Communist ar-
med party to decline the proposed
unification of the Chinese Com-
munist army with the National
army, unless the Chinese Com-
munist were given control."

CHIEF OPPOSITION
"Despite these handicaps we
did make progress toward the
unification of the armed forces
in China. We did prevent civil
war between the rival factions
at least until after I had left
China. We did bring the lead-
ers of the rival parties together
for peaceful discussions."

"Throughout this period, the
chief opposition to the accom-
plishment of our commission
came from career diplomats in
the Embassy at Chungking and
in the Chinese and Far East-
ern divisions of the State De-
partment."

Tel-Aviv Appeal

JERUSALEM, NOV. 28.
THE TEL AVIV MUNICIPALITY HAS APPEALED FOR
CALM AND ORDER DURING THE ONE-HOUR STOP-
PAGE OF WORK IN THE CITY ON SATURDAY TO
MARK THE FUNERAL AT THE PARDESSA HANNA
SETTLEMENT OF THE EIGHT JEWS KILLED DURING
THE INCIDENTS IN SAMARIA YESTERDAY.
A COMMUNIQUE ISSUED BY THE PALESTINE GOVERN-
MENT TO-DAY SAYS: "IT IS NOW POSSIBLE TO
GIVE FURTHER DETAILS OF THE INCIDENTS IN
WHICH BRITISH TROOPS WERE FORCED TO OPEN
FIRE YESTERDAY."

"The allegations published in
certain newspapers insinuating
that fire was opened without
due cause while searches were
being made for illegal immi-
grants, are untrue."

The communiqué states that
a search was being made not
for illegal immigrants, but for
those responsible for attempting
to kill the Palestine police
and sabotaging coastguard sta-
tions.

While the search was pro-
ceeding, air reconnaissance dis-
covered the approach of a party
of some 500 men, who were
later seen advancing in military
formation.

The Commander of the Bri-

Hurley said that some of the
American diplomats recalled
from China at his request were
placed in the State Department
as his supervisors while others
were sent as advisors to General
MacArthur. He added that most
of these diplomats "have con-
tinued to side with the Com-
munist armed party and at
times with the Imperialistic
bloc against American policy."

HYDRA-HEADED DIRECTION
Hurley laid the blame for the
hydra-headed direction and
confusion of our foreign policy
in Washington directly to the
United States Foreign Service.

He recommended, first, a
complete re-organization of the
United States policy-making
machinery beginning at the
lower official levels and, second,
leadership by the United States
of a move to amend or revise
the United Nations' charter "to
make it democratic."

He added: "Our strength
should be used to uphold the
decision of the United Nations
rather than to support con-
flicting ideologies or war-mak-
ing power blocs." — Associated
Press.

German Scheming Began Very Early

NUERNBERG, NOV. 28.
GERMAN SCHEMING TO TEAR UP THE VERSAILLES
TREATY AND SPREAD AGGRESSION OVER EUROPE
STARTED "SOON AFTER WORLD WAR ONE,"
AMERICAN PROSECUTORS TOLD THE TRIBUNAL
TRYING 20 NAZI LEADERS ON WAR CRIME
CHARGES.

LISTING STEP BY STEP THE GERMAN PLANS FOR
REICH DOMINATION OF EUROPE, ASSISTANT U.S.
PROSECUTOR SIDNEY S. ALDERMAN SAID THE
EARLY SCHEMES WERE "MODEST IN ORIGIN AND
FANTASTIC IN NATURE" BUT THEY DEVELOPED
INTO A REAL THREAT WITH THE RISE OF HITLER.

Germany's war preparation,
Alderman asserted, "could have
been interrupted at several
points."

Horror films of Nazi concen-
tration camps were to be shown
in court to-day, bringing a new
phase to the trial.

Secret German document
showing that the Nazis in 1938
were preparing to fight "two-
thirds of the whole world" to
establish the Reich as a leading
power was disclosed.

The document which was
taken from the navy files said
that Hitler's aims were "to
make Germany a world power
and that it could not be achiev-
ed by peaceful means" with
England, France and Russia
and "in fact one-half to two-
thirds of the whole world."

Secret German activity to
violate the Versailles Peace
Treaty by undercover consti-
tution of a navy and air force
was also told by the prosecutor.

Evidence showed that Hitler
from his earliest days of power
falsified public reports of hat-
redship tonnage, built submar-
ines, trained U-boat crews in
isolated hide-outs throughout
Europe and re-built an air force
under civilian guise.

Assistant-Prosecutor Sidney
S. Alderman submitted a docu-
ment which he said proved in
the very month Hitler came in-
to power that the German navy
proposed the building of a great
arms industry by selling mun-

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ceeding, air reconnaissance dis-
covered the approach of a party
of some 500 men, who were
later seen advancing in military
formation.

The Commander of the Bri-

Just Ring A Ring A Roses

Tokyo, Nov. 28.
The "Chugoku News" ex-
pressed surprise in a news-
story at the cheerfulness of
American troops in Kure and
Hiroshima, where members of
the 41st division "sing songs,
dance and play games in their
barracks."
It said a Japanese reporter
approached some of the sol-
diers and asked: "Have you
ever been kicked or beaten by
your superior officer?" He
was surprised when the an-
swer was "no."—Associated
Press.

Last Hurdle The Worst

LONDON, NOV. 28.
AN ANGLO-AMERICAN FIN-
ANCIAL AGREEMENT WILL
EITHER BE ANNOUNCED
WITHIN THE NEXT FEW
DAYS OR THE CONVERSA-
TIONS WILL BE INDEFINITE-
LY POSTPONED, ACCORDING
TO INFORMED QUARTERS IN
LONDON TO-DAY.

The talks between Britain
and the United States began
at a meeting of the Cabinet yester-
day.

The issue now hinges not so
much upon the actual amount of
the loan as upon the conditions of
the waiver clause that would be
attached to any financial agree-
ment reached.

Such a waiver clause in a bad
financial year would enable Brit-
ain to suspend capital instalment
and wipe out interest for that par-
ticular year.

The waiver clause is a more
serious hurdle than agreement
upon capital sum of the loan.
—Reuter.

Yamashita Staunchly Defended

MANILA, NOV. 28.
A DEFENSE WITNESS IN
THE YAMASHITA WAR CRIMES
TRIAL TESTIFIED YESTER-
DAY THAT THE ONE-
TIME "TIGER OF MALAYA"
WAS SO DISLIKED BY PRE-
MIER TOJO THAT THE
GENERAL WAS "EXILED" TO
MANCHURIA DESPITE HIS
VICTORY AT SINGAPORE.

The witness, Keichoku Yoshida,
Tokyo attorney declared Yam-
ashita incurred Tojo's wrath by
saying war with the United States
was "undesirable."
Yoshida contended that the wide
publicity being given Yamashita's
trial in Japanese newspapers was
having the opposite effect from
the one intended by the Ameri-
cans because the Japanese people
"knew Yamashita to be of such
high character that the public is
in sympathy with him."

The attorney, one of a group
brought from Tokyo, asserted
Yamashita was one of a "pacifist"
group of former War Minister
Itagaki, opposed to Tojo and his
henchmen.

Gen. Amira Muto, Yam-
ashita's chief of staff, testified that
under the intricacies of his com-
mand the Philippines commander
could not have had close control
over the Japanese military forces
which put Manila to the sword.
—Associated Press.

GWES EVIDENCE

MANILA, NOV. 28.
GENERAL TOMOYUKI
YAMASHITA TOOK THE
WITNESS STAND IN HIS
OWN DEFENCE IN HIS WAR
CRIMES TRIAL TO-DAY
AND TESTIFIED THAT HE
NEVER HAD BEEN IN SU-
PREME COMMAND IN THE
PHILIPPINES.

Thus he implied that he al-
ways was under the command
of Field Marshal Count Terauchi.

Since Yamashita is not
charged with personally com-
mitting any atrocities, but only
with being responsible for
those committed by the men
under his command, it appeared
that Yamashita is trying to
"pass the buck" to a superior
under the American theory.
—Associated Press.

Sofia, Nov. 28.
An enquiry into the official re-
turns of the Bulgarian election on
November 18 was demanded in a
statement issued by the opposi-
tion block led by Nikola Petkov,
former Minister without portfolio.
—Reuter.

WAITING TO GO INTO MANCHURIA

TOKYO, NOV. 28.
SPECIAL REPARATIONS AMBASSADOR EDWIN PAULEY
OF THE UNITED STATES STILL IS AWAITING PER-
MISSION FROM RUSSIA TO ENTER NORTHERN
KOREA AND POSSIBLY MANCHURIA. HE SAID
EITHER HE OR SOME MEMBERS OF HIS REPARA-
TIONS COMMISSION WOULD REMAIN IN TOKYO UN-
TIL PERMISSION IS RECEIVED.
PAULEY SAID IT WAS NECESSARY TO THE WORK OF
THE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE JAPANESE
HOLDINGS IN THOSE AREAS AND "I FEEL IT IS
NECESSARY TO KNOW THE AMOUNT AND CHARAC-
TER OF REPARATIONS THERE."

He said application was made
through the State Department
Nov. 15 to enter northern
Korea, which is occupied by the
Russians. He said no reply has
been received. He said he still
expected a favourable reply.

He said he was not pressing
to enter Manchuria immedi-
ately, but was content to wait and
see what power would be his
sponsor there. He said he was
informed the Russians are pull-
ing out of Manchuria.

After a two-week study of
Japan and China, he said he
had not changed his mind as to
the ability of Japan to pay re-
parations after initial
disposition of gold, silver and
other assets, and machinery
which can be removed for use
in other countries.

NO CLAIM FILED
Pauley visited a number of
cities in China and said the
Chinese Government is setti-
ng up reparations organisations
which are preparing claims, but
no definite claim has yet been
filed. He said China is particu-
larly interested in restitution
of treasures looted by Japan
from China "and it is our po-
lity to restore any identifiable ob-
jects."

He inspected some Japanese
assets in China and found in-
dustrial plants still working,
with Japanese cotton mills in-
tact and output handicapped
only by the lack of raw materi-
als.

He said he assumed China
would do the same with Japane-
se holdings in China as the
United States where German
and Japanese holdings were
seized and a law passed to lack
permanent possession.

The commission probably will
make an announcement within
30 days as to plants and equip-
ment which may be removed
from Japan for distribution to
other countries, he said.

RUSSIAN ACTIONS
There have been numerous
unconfirmed reports that the Rus-
sians are practicing their own re-
parations programme by removing
industrial machinery to the Soviet
Union from their occupation zones.

Pauley said Japanese assets
actually will run into great sums
and these will be taken over. After
this initial payment, and after
payment of occupation costs and
providing funds for the necessary
minimum imports to sustain the
Japanese, Pauley stated, there will
be little chance of recurring re-
parations.—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 28.
William McChesney Martin, for-
mer President of the New York
Exchange, was today nomi-
nated by President Truman to be Chair-
man of the Export and Import
Bank. He was recently confirmed
by the Senate as bank member.
—Associated Press.

NEW CRICKET RULES

LONDON, NOV. 28.
THE CRICKET BOARD OF CONTROL, MEETING AT
LORD'S, HAS DECIDED THAT IN FUTURE THERE
WILL BE NO APPEAL AGAINST THE LIGHT BUT IF
EITHER UMPIRE CONSIDERS CONDITIONS DAN-
GEROUS HE WILL CONSULT THE OTHER UMPIRE
AND IF BOTH AGREE THEY CAN SUSPEND PLAY.
THE FIELDING SIDE WILL HAVE THE OPTION OF TAK-
ING A NEW BALL AFTER 55 OVERS INSTEAD OF
AFTER 200 RUNS.

To help players and spectators
appreciate the position a white
signal will be displayed after
the forty-fifth over. This will
be replaced by a yellow signal
after the fifty-fifth over, and
at the beginning of the fifty-fifth
over both signals will be shown.

An over will consist of six
balls and not eight.
Another innovation will enable
a side to declare on the first day
of a three-day match after the
score has reached 300.

Intention is to apply the rules
to the Indian tour, including
the Test matches.

Dates of other matches will
not be announced until after the
meeting of county secretaries
on Dec. 12 but it is thought the
tour will begin with a game at
Worcester on May 4.

A Test trial will be held at
Lord's on June 12, 13 and 14.
The England-India Tests will
be played at Lord's on June 22,
24 and 25; at Old Trafford on
July 20, 22 and 23, and at the
Trent on July 27, 29 and 30.

U.S. SHIP FIRED ON
Shanghai, Nov. 28.
The American naval patrol
craft 1134 was fired upon with
small arms yesterday on the
Yangtze River about eight
miles above Kichun. American
naval authorities announced
here to-day. The vessel was
unharmed.

No American personnel was
hurt. The identity of the at-
tackers is not known.—Asso-
ciated Press.

Calcutta, Nov. 28.
Twenty thousand city connec-
tion workers decided to resume
work after being on strike since
November 20.—Reuter.

Palestine As Test Ground

LONDON, NOV. 28.
THE UNITED STATES RE-
GARDS PALESTINE AS THE
FIRST TESTING GROUND
FOR THE PRINCIPLES OF
THE ATLANTIC CHARTER
AND IS "THOROUGHLY
WORKED UP" OVER THE
SITUATION THERE.

This statement was made in
London last night by Senator
Guy M. Gillette, Chairman of
the American League for Free
Palestine, who has come to Bri-
tain to support the Jewish
claims, and in company with
members of his Committee, has
already discussed the position
with the British Foreign Secre-
tary, Ernest Bevin.

Claiming that the League has
over 100,000 members and speaks
for 95 per cent of the Ameri-
can population, Senator Gillette
admitted that there was no easy
solution, but was uncompromi-
sing in his demand for more Jew-
ish immigration.

"Palestine is only a place,
God's earth from which the
people are excluded solely on the
grounds of religion. It is not
not to be," he declared.—Re-
uter.

U.S. BOXING

Boston, Nov. 28.
Stylish little Willie Pep, 12
pounds, holder of the New York
version of the featherweight
championship, easily outpointed
Eddie Gioia, 135, of Philadelphia
in a 10-round heavyweight fight
here last night.
Other boxing results included
Tami Mauriello, 204, of Bronx
knocked out the almost invul-
nérable Earl Lowman, 211-pound,
Detroit negro, in 1.42 of the first
round in Providence, R.I.;
Philadelphia Wesley Mouzon, 145,
knocked out the champion light-
weight, the titleholder, in a
10-round draw in a non-title f-
—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 28.
William McChesney Martin, for-
mer President of the New York
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nated by President Truman to be Chair-
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